

Partial test
SCE1106 Control Theory
Friday 20. October 2006
kl. 8.15-10.15, Rom A189

The test consists of 4 tasks.

The test counts $15 = 0.5 * 30$ % of the final grade
in SCE1106 Control with implementation.

The test consists of three pages.

Aid: paper and pen.

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Task 1 (14%):

PID-control, the Skogestad method

We are going to study a process described by the transfer function model

$$y = h_p(s)u. \quad (1)$$

The process are to be controlled by a controller of the form

$$u = h_c(s)(r - y). \quad (2)$$

The feedback control system is illustrated in Figure (1).

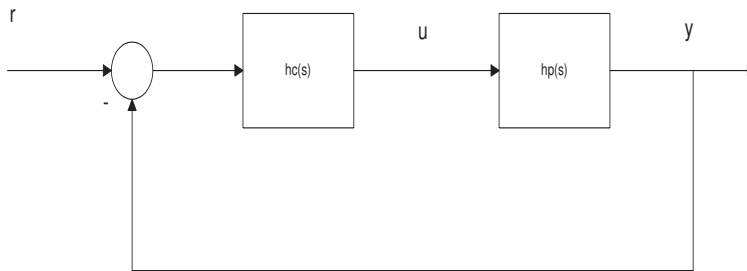


Figure 1: Standard feedback control system.

- a) Consider the feedback control system in Figure (1). The transfer function from the reference, r , to the output measurement, y , is given by

$$\frac{y}{r} = \frac{h_p h_c}{1 + h_p h_c} \quad (3)$$

Find an expression for the transfer function, $h_c(s)$, for the controller as a function of the ratio $\frac{y}{r}$ and the transfer function for the process, $h_p(s)$.

We will in the following subtasks specify that the set point response from the reference, r , to the output, y , should be given by

$$\frac{y}{r} = \frac{1 - \tau s}{1 + T_c s} \quad (4)$$

where T_c is a user specified time constant.

- b) Assume that the process, $h_p(s)$, is modelled by a 2nd order transfer function given by

$$h_p(s) = k \frac{1 - \tau s}{(1 + T_1 s)(1 + T_2 s)}, \quad (5)$$

where $T_1 > T_2 > 0$.

Find the controller $h_c(s)$ by the Skogestad method. What type of controller is this?

- c) Assume that the process, $h_p(s)$, is modelled by a 1st order model given by

$$h_p(s) = k \frac{1 - \tau s}{1 + T_1 s}. \quad (6)$$

Find the controller $h_c(s)$ by the Skogestad method. What type of controller is this?

- d) Assume that the process, $h_p(s)$, is modelled by a 2nd order oscillating process of the form

$$h_p(s) = k \frac{1 - \tau s}{\tau_0^2 s^2 + 2\tau_0 \xi s + 1}. \quad (7)$$

Find the controller $h_c(s)$ by the Skogestad method. What type of controller is this?

- e) Assume that the process is modelled by a pure time delay, i.e. with a process model

$$h_p(s) = k e^{-\tau s}. \quad (8)$$

Find the controller $h_c(s)$ by the Skogestad method. What type of controller is this?

- f) Assume that the process, $h_p(s)$, is modelled by a 1st order model without time delay given by

$$h_p(s) = k \frac{1}{1 + T_1 s}. \quad (9)$$

Find the controller $h_c(s)$ by the Skogestad method. What type of controller is this?

- g) Suggest a value for the specified time constant T_c for the set point response.

Task 2 (4%):

Model reduction and the half rule

Given a 5th order process $y = h_p(s)u$ where the process transfer function, $h_p(s)$, is given by

$$h_p(s) = k \frac{1}{(1 + T_1s)(1 + T_2s)(1 + T_3s)(1 + T_4s)(1 + T_5s)} \quad (10)$$

where $T_1 \geq T_2 \geq T_3 \geq T_4 \geq T_5 > 0$.

- Use the half rule for model reduction and find a 1st order model approximation of the form

$$h_p(s) = k \frac{1 - \tau s}{1 + T_1s} \quad (11)$$

- Use the half rule for model reduction and find a 2nd order model approximation of the form

$$h_p(s) = k \frac{1 - \tau s}{(1 + T_1s)(1 + T_2s)} \quad (12)$$

Task 3 (8%): System theory

Given a system described by a state space model

$$\dot{x} = Ax + Bu, \quad (13)$$

$$y = Dx \quad (14)$$

where $u \in \mathbb{R}^r$ is the control vector, $x \in \mathbb{R}^n$ is the state vector, $y \in \mathbb{R}^m$ is the measurements vector and $x(t_0) \in \mathbb{R}^n$ is the initial value of the state vector, which usually is assumed to be known.

- a) Write down an expression for the solution $x(t)$ of the state equation (13), for $t > t_0$.
- b) From the result in step 3a) above find an exact discrete time model of the form

$$x_{k+1} = \Phi x_k + \Delta u_k \quad (15)$$

Assume that the control, $u(t)$, is constant over the sampling interval. You should specify expressions for Φ and Δ in Equation (15).

- c) Assume now that the state equation (13) is discretized with an explicit Euler approximation. Find a discrete time model in this case.
- d) The transition matrix $\Phi = e^{A\Delta t}$ can be computed from an eigenvalue decomposition of A . Write down a formula for Φ in this case.

Task 4 (4%): PI control

Consider a PI controller

$$y = h_c(s)e, \quad (16)$$

where e is the controller input and the transfer function for the PI controller is given by

$$h_c(s) = K_p \frac{1 + T_i s}{T_i s}. \quad (17)$$

- a) Find a continuous state space model for the PI controller of the form

$$\dot{z} = Az + Be, \quad (18)$$

$$u = Dz + Eu. \quad (19)$$

Specify the parameters A , B , D and E .

- b) Find a discrete time state space model for the PI controller. Use explicit Euler for the discretization and that the sampling time is Δt .